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EDWARD J. STELLWAGEN, President

**Safety Assured**

The conservative policy always maintained by this company, its large capital, surplus and profits fund of over \$2,450,000.00 and the fact that its affairs are governed by men of the highest integrity and standing in the community—all unite in forming a bulwark of absolute protection for our depositors.

## UNION MINE WORKERS PLOTTERS, DAYTON SAYS

Federal Judge Under Congressional Fire Tells How T. R. Gave Him Judgship.

Federal Judge Alston G. Dayton, of West Virginia, concluded his defense of the charges preferred against him in a resolution offered by Representative Neely, of that State, yesterday before the House Judiciary Committee. Judge Dayton denied reports that he was concerned in a conspiracy to oust his predecessor, Judge John J. Jackson. Judge Dayton filed with the committee a letter written by John J. Davis, father of the late President, solicitor of the Department of Justice, commending Judge Dayton's fairness in dealing with litigants before his court.

The witness said that he was the ranking Republican member of the House Committee on Naval Affairs in 1908.

"I was frequently thrown in touch with President Roosevelt," he said. "One day he was talking over our careers and ambitions, and I casually said to the President: 'I do not like the Congressional record of the United Mine Workers. Do you mean to tell me that you want a place on the bench? It will afford me great pleasure to appoint you as soon as opportunity offers, and I will be a personal appointment without reference to Senators and Representatives.'"

Judge Dayton denied emphatically that he had ever asserted that he would not enforce the Chinese exclusion and immigration laws in his court, as charged; although he said he voted for those laws in the House and was later ashamed of his vote.

Representative Gard, of Ohio, asked Judge Dayton if he had not said any man who joined the United Mine Workers knowing the nature of the organization, became a conspirator.

"Unless they have reformed their rules and practices, I believe the United Mine Workers is a conspiracy," replied Judge Dayton.

"Isn't it a fact that your state of mind is such that you believe, without hearing any evidence, that any man who belongs to the United Mine Workers is a conspirator?" asked Mr. Gard.

"If a person joins knowing their practice is to become a co-conspirator," answered the judge.

**THE GERMAN WOUNDED.**

Berlin, Feb. 24.—(By wireless to St. Louis, Mo.)

The Germans are terribly excited about the news of the wounded. All their men found on the battlefield receive a "first aid dressing." Each is tagged with a card, which indicates whether he is badly hurt or not. From the battlefield the wounded men are gotten back to the field hospitals or to headquarters. A man may be badly wounded and yet be back on the firing line in three months. Good pure blood is what helps the soldier through his wounds heal easily after antiseptic dressings. It is well for everybody to put the blood in good order. Don't trifle with health! It is too precious a possession.

It is trifling to neglect the little everyday kind of ailments. It is trifling, too, to take medicines of unknown or doubtful ingredients. If your stomach gets out of order, your food is not digested and, of course, your blood gets thin and you become weak, ready to be a prey to the disease germs always ready to attack the weakened and the diseased. If your liver can't do its work, your blood becomes impure and many troubles follow. If your bowels are irregular, poisons accumulate in your body. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery (in tablet or liquid form) helps the stomach to digest food properly, strengthens the liver, regulates the bowels. As a consequence you are vigorous, full of snap and life. Fifty years ago Dr. Pierce discovered that a mixture of Golden Seal and Oregon grape root, of quinine and blood-purifying with black cherry bark would aid all the digestive organs to work as nature intended they should. Thousands have found that the "Golden Medical Discovery" has restored them to health when suffering from stomach and liver troubles. Now is the time to try this famous remedy.—Adv.

**Strictly Pure**

**ALL FRUITS**

**S. J. VAN LILL CO.**

**SUPERIOR PRESERVES**

**Fruit and Sugar**

**Gordon's 90° DRY KANDER'S GIN**

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## GALLINGER TRIES TO BREAK DEADLOCK

Urges Sterling's Resolution to Solve Difficulty Over Half-and-Half Plan.

Senator Gallinger, of New Hampshire, intends to break the deadlock between the Senate and House over the half-and-half plan by having both houses adopt Senator Sterling's joint resolution, which provides for six to investigate and learn the proper proportion of the expenses of the District that shall be paid by the District and the United States Government.

Senator Gallinger yesterday asked for the unanimous consent of the Senate for consideration of the Sterling resolution, with "the understanding that if there is any debate on the resolution it shall be immediately withdrawn." Senator Dristow said: "I would hardly like to have the resolution taken up now when there are some Senators absent who are very much interested in it."

"The settlement," replied Senator Gallinger, and the Senate resumed other business. Senator Gallinger led up to his request for consideration of the Sterling resolution by saying: "The conference on the District of Columbia appropriation bill are having trouble concerning the half-and-half plan. There is no probability that we will reach an agreement unless a commission is provided."

"A Senate committee has reported a resolution introduced by Senator Sterling, providing for such a commission of investigation, and I ask unanimous consent that this resolution be considered. A strong effort is made to have both House and Senate adopt the Sterling resolution, as the possibility of the passage of an amendment to the half-and-half plan seems very remote."

Agreement having been reached on practically all questions of importance, the half-and-half system, Senator John Walter Smith, of Maryland, yesterday submitted to the Senate the conference report on the District appropriations bill. The bill will come up for discussion before long.

A provision was inserted in the bill by the conference, placing the appointment of the Board of Education in the hands of the District Commissioners instead of in those of the District Supreme Court.

The item of \$100,000 for the reclamation of the Anacostia River flats was retained, as well as was a provision for \$500,000 for the improvement of the Western High School. The conference agreed to an item of \$50,000 for the erection of an eight-room addition to the Powell school.

The item of \$100,000 for the use of the Southern Relief Society in caring for the poor, was reduced to \$50,000.

The Senate conference gave up the idea of aiding the association for the blind, as the Columbia Polytechnic Institute as well as it did the amendment to prevent the District Reformatory from entering into competition with the Federal Reformatory.

Among some of the items agreed upon for the construction of a swimming pool for the Georgetown playgrounds, \$20,000 for the care of Rock Creek Park, \$27,500 for the purchase of new furniture, tools, materials and books to be used in connection with manual training, and \$5,000 for the reconstruction of well corridors in the police stations.

**BODY OF DR. FARNHAM REACHES WASHINGTON**

Funeral of Physician Stricken on Train to Be Held Tomorrow Morning.

The body of Dr. Robert Farnham, seventy-two years old, of 134 U. Street, northwest, who died in Ohio yesterday while en route to his home from Chicago, arrived in Washington last night. Dr. Farnham was traveling with Assistant Secretary Stephen Mather, of the Agricultural Department. Death was due to apoplexy. Dr. Farnham and Mr. Mather were returning from a convention of the Sigma Chi Society in Chicago when the physician was stricken.

Dr. Farnham was born in Washington in 1842. He graduated from the old Richmond Academy in Washington, later attending Columbian College, now George Washington University. In 1867 he graduated from the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania, and the following year took a post-graduate course in the University of Edinburgh.

Dr. Farnham married Miss Emma J. Lowry, of Washington, in 1875.

The physician is survived by three sons, Robert Farnham, Jr., of Washington, D. C.; Rowley Farnham, now in Korea, and Arthur B. Farnham, of Washington, and two daughters, Miss Emma J. Farnham and Miss Margaret J. Farnham, both of whom lived with their father.

Funeral services will be held tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock in the Church of the Ascension, Rev. Henry Helms and Dr. David Bower officiating. Pallbearers will be members of the Sigma Chi Society. Burial will be in Glenwood Cemetery.

**SENATE SPENDS MONEY FAST.**

Postal Bill Put Through in Less Than Two Hours.

A real display of speed in appropriating money was shown by the Senate last night when, in a little less than two hours, it put through the postal appropriation bill, carrying \$217,948,868, with the exception of two small items, which went over until today. The Senate simply adopted all of the committee amendments to the House bill except two, one of which reduced the amount allowed for further experimentation with village delivery service, and the other affecting the pay of rural delivery carriers.

## INDIANS FORCED TO HUNT COVER

Several Piutes Are Captured in Fierce Fighting Near Bluff, Utah.

**FORTIFYING THEMSELVES**

Tee Ne Gat and Companions Walked Into Clever Trap on Monday and Recaptured After Losing Two Men.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Feb. 23.—Arrival of twenty-five Indian police and other reinforcements to aid the Federal forces fighting the Piute Indians at Bluff compelled the retreat of the warring Redskins, according to a report from United States Marshal Nebeker received here today. Nebeker said he was sending several Piutes to Grayson.

An unofficial report stated that the Indian police who came from Shiprock, Ariz., killed several Piutes and compelled the others to flee into Cottonwood Gulch.

The rebellious Piute Indians entrenched in Cow Canyon were driven from that place and, with reinforcements, are fortifying themselves near a settlement known as Butler's Wash, which is eight miles west of Bluff. A strong posse is organizing in Bluff to advance on the Indians.

Six deputies sent out as scouts had not returned up to the time the advice were sent, and it was feared they had been captured by the Indians. John A. Stanley, also reported captured, had not been heard from.

**Indians Fortify Themselves.**

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**Story of Monday's Battle.**

The first complete story of Monday's battle was received today. It told of a party of seven men, including the Indians and cut off their retreat down the canyon, being ambushed by twenty Piutes under the leadership of Tee Ne Gat.

Under a heavy fire the deputies hurried to cover and one of them warned Nebeker of the danger of his companions. Reinforcements were rushed to the scene and the battle began. A few minutes later the Indians received reinforcements and the battle continued.

For nearly an hour the firing continued with no effect, except that two of the Indians were wounded. Then Tee Ne Gat and his party of seven men started on one of the canyons which was plainly a movement to get behind the deputies.

The situation was critical. Realizing that the Indians were planning to cut off the deputies' retreat, Nebeker ordered a squad of six deputies to proceed up the canyon and counter the movement of the enemy. The two squads met about a half mile up the canyon. The deputies opened fire on the Indians, who returned the fire, but not before three of their number had been killed.

Caught in Strategic Net.

Meanwhile Sheriff Gingles, of De-tour, Colo., came up from behind and cut off the Indians' retreat. The force of his deputies behind huge boulders, he started back to the scene of the main battle. It was a strategic move.

Disturbed by the sound of firing, the Indians started to return with the remaining followers to join his band. When all of the Red men were within range of the party, Sheriff Gingles and two of the Indians dropped seriously wounded. Tee Ne Gat and his other followers escaped by taking to cover on the boulders.

Returning to the main body of his followers, Tee Ne Gat led eight of the Red men in an open advance against the white men, believing that the strategy, hoping to divert the attention of the white long enough to allow the main body of the Indians to escape down the canyon. The force of the marshal opened fire, killing two of the Indians and the fire became so hot that the Indians were forced to retreat, but not until the main band had moved to a more advantageous position down the canyon and in that position the fight was continued.

**FIREMAN KILLED AS BOX WRECKS TRAIN**

Cars Derailed by Obstruction on Track Half Mile North of Bristol.

R. F. Markell, about thirty-five years old, a Southern Railway fireman, was killed in a wreck half a mile north of Bristol, Prince William County, Va., today at 11 o'clock last night. He was a native of Warrenton, Va., and unmarried.

The only other person injured in the wreck was K. R. Heflin, flagman of the Southern Railway at Alexandria, and his injuries were slight.

Chesapeake and Ohio freight, known as extra No. 38, northbound, derailed on freight car No. 38 at Bristol. The accident happened just as Southern Railway local passenger train No. 12, from Washington, was passing the derailed car. The freight car, a box lying on the track caused the wreck. As a result the engine and tender of train No. 12, together with its combination and baggage and coach cars, went from the combination car were injured.

The crew of the Chesapeake and Ohio freight escaped injury. All the derailed cars were broken up and passenger and freight traffic on the main line was delayed for more than six hours. The wreck was not being cleared away until 1 o'clock this morning.

A short time after the accident a wrecking crew was sent out from Alexandria to the scene of the accident, to get with a Chesapeake and Ohio derrick.

**ISSUE TRICE OVERSUBSCRIBED.**

British Treasury Bills Subscribed with Astonishing Rapidity.

London, Feb. 23.—The British treasury bill issue was three times oversubscribed today. The £10,000,000 (£50,000,000) of 18½ per cent, and £10,000,000 (£50,000,000) of 27½ per cent, applications totaled £30,700,000 (£153,500,000).

Regarding American purchases of German securities here, it is remarked that in so far as such purchases necessitate interest payments by Germany to America, they should be discouraged, as it would tend to increase Germany's indebtedness in America, whereas if no securities remained here no interest would be paid.

**W. C. T. U. Organizer Dies.**

Savannah, Ga., Feb. 23.—Mrs. Mary E. Allen Webb, eighty-seven years old, a prominent W. C. T. U. organizer, died today. She was born in London, and spent the greater part of her life here. Since she reached old age she has been the only honorary president. Memorial services will likely be held throughout the country.

## SHIPPING STOPPED IN TWO BRITISH CHANNELS

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

These new reports, combined with further details of the Mauritanian Lake victory, serve to strengthen the confidence in all quarters as to the outcome of the war. Another feature is the continued success of the Austrians, who have occupied Stanialau, Galicia. Steamers have been temporarily discontinued by the British and French authorities because of fear of the German submarine fleet, which is officially announced here today.

The Nu Hamburg Zeitung states that the German submarine fleet, which the British admiralty estimates at 100, is in reality the largest fleet of submarines in the world. The British sailors are refusing to leave port. The sailors of other countries are also reported to be refusing to sail on ships bound for England as a result of the submarine blockade.

property of a British ship owner who has officers in Christiania, and that the vessel is still enabled to display either the British or Norwegian flag.

**Neutral Ships to Have Convoy.**

Copenhagen, Feb. 23.—The conference of the Scandinavian governments on the subject of neutral traffic in the war zone has adopted a recommendation that neutral merchant ships be conveyed by war vessels.

Negotiations will be opened at London and Berlin with the object of obtaining a dispensation from certain provisions of international law, so that, for instance, the Danish flag may serve as a convoy for Swedish or Norwegian ships.

In the belief that the ship Semantha, sunk by the German converted cruiser Kronprinz Wilhelm, was a Norwegian ship, the German government has instructed its consul at Buenos Ayres to report immediately on the loss of the vessel which was sent to the bottom in the east coast of South America.

**AMMUNITION SHY, BUT U. S. SAFE, HE DECLARES**

Representative Sherley, in Charge of \$6,000,000 Fortifications Bill Passed by House, Talks of Situation.

An admission was made in the House yesterday by Representative Sherley, of Kentucky, in charge of the fortifications bill, that there is a shortage in ammunition for coast defense guns, but insisted there was no ground for alarm.

"I do not believe it is alarming," said Mr. Sherley, "because it is my opinion that the will of the nation will insist on one coat, let alone on both coats, in action at the same time."

Representative Sherley replied to charges of lack of resources for the defense of Massachusetts, that the seacoast defenses are inadequate. He insisted that the coast defenses were much more efficient than those represented by critics like Mr. Gardner.

Mr. Sherley favored the assembling of a larger supply of war material than the government now keeps on hand. Mr. Sherley said the War Department had divided the powder between the two coasts on the theory that if an attack was made a quick transfer could be made from one coast to another. He expressed the opinion that it would not be likely that the coast defenses would be kept busy for at least two hours in case of bombardment.

Discussing the shortage of ammunition Mr. Sherley said:

"For continental United States the estimate of ammunition was as to sufficient for the defense of the coast for one hour of fire. We have of the amount that is deemed requisite something over 75 per cent of the amount. For guns of the heavy type we have 100 per cent for the lighter guns it ran down. For the 14-inch guns the amount is 100 per cent. For the 16-inch guns the amount is 100 per cent. For the 18-inch guns the amount is 100 per cent. For the 24-inch guns the amount is 100 per cent. For the 30-inch guns the amount is 100 per cent. For the 36-inch guns the amount is 100 per cent. For the 42-inch guns the amount is 100 per cent. For the 48-inch guns the amount is 100 per cent. For the 54-inch guns the amount is 100 per cent. For the 60-inch guns the amount is 100 per cent. For the 66-inch guns the amount is 100 per cent. For the 72-inch guns the amount is 100 per cent. For the 78-inch guns the amount is 100 per cent. For the 84-inch guns the amount is 100 per cent. 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